



HRVATSKA KOMORA INŽENJERA GRAĐEVINARSTVA

15. Dani Hrvatske komore inženjera građevinarstva

Opatija, 2021.

Zidana ispuna a-b zgrada

Boris Trogrlić, Tomislav Franko

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Ovo predavanje se temelji na projektu (2019.):

Development of infill masonry solution for Adriatic region

izrađenom od strane



UNIVERSITY OF SPLIT,
FACULTY OF CIVIL ENGINEERING,
ARCHITECTURE AND GEODESY

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Wienerberger

Dipl.-Ing. **Alexander Lehmden**, Head of International Product Management Wall of Wienerberger AG

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Tomislav Franko, Civ. Eng. Regional marketing and product manager SEE region at Wienerberger CBME East

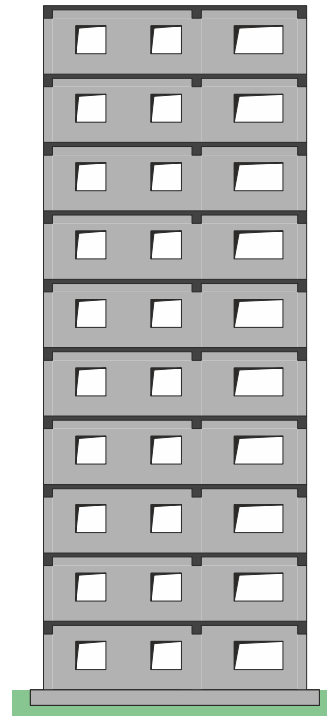
Iulian Cuta, Civ. Eng. International Product Manager - Region East at Wienerberger AG

Ispunsko žiđe POROHERM IZO PROFI – Mehanička svojstva

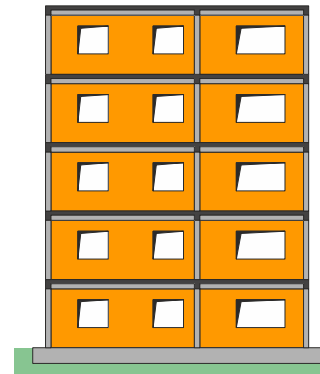


Ispunsko zide POROHERM IZO PROFI – Mehanička svojstva

A/B zgrada



Zgrada od omeđenog zida



A-b zgrada
s ispunskim zidom



Broj katova:	+	+/-	+
Toplinska svojstva:	-	+	+

Ispunsko ziđe POROHERM IZO PROFI – Mehanička svojstva

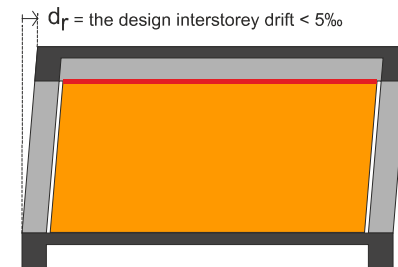
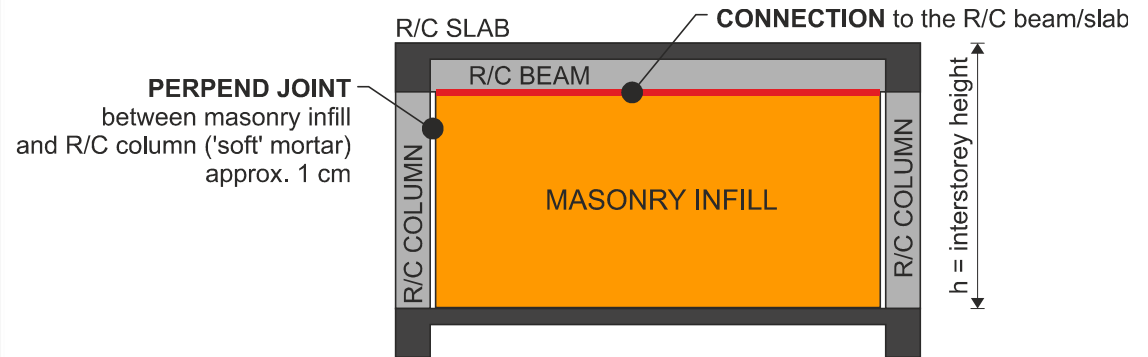
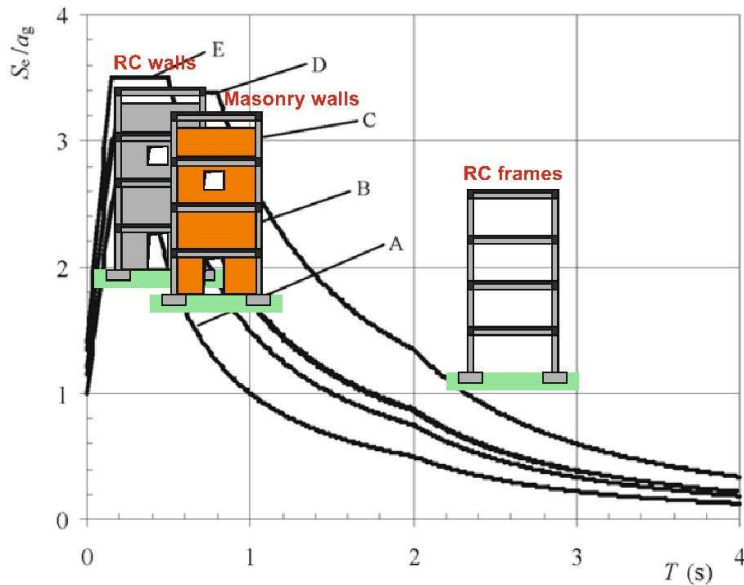
Jadranska regija – seizmički aktivno područje



<https://earthquaketrack.com/p/croatia/biggest>

- 📍 42 years ago 6.9 magnitude, 10 km depth
[Stari Bar, Montenegro](#)
- 📍 5 months ago 6.4 magnitude, 10 km depth
[Petrinja, Sisačko-Moslavačka, Croatia](#)
- 📍 42 years ago 6.2 magnitude, 8 km depth
[Budva, Budva, Montenegro](#)
- 📍 59 years ago 6.2 magnitude, 15 km depth
[Baška Voda, Splitsko-Dalmatinska, Croatia](#)
- 📍 59 years ago 6.2 magnitude, 15 km depth
[Tučepi, Splitsko-Dalmatinska, Croatia](#)
- 📍 51 years ago 6.1 magnitude, 15 km depth
[Trn, Republika Srpska, Bosnia and Herzegovina](#)
- 📍 51 years ago 6.1 magnitude, 15 km depth
[Trn, Republika Srpska, Bosnia and Herzegovina](#)
- 📍 24 years ago 6.0 magnitude, 10 km depth
[Podgora, Dubrovačko-Neretvanska, Croatia](#)
- 📍 57 years ago 6.0 magnitude, 15 km depth
[Podvinje, Brodsko-Posavska, Croatia](#)
- 📍 59 years ago 5.9 magnitude, 15 km depth
[Pazarić, Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bosnia and Herzegovina](#)

Ispunsko zidje: Ponašanje u ravnini zida



4 PRORAČUN ZGRADA

4.3 Proračun konstrukcije

4.3.6 Dodatne mjere za okvire s ispunskim zidjem

4.3.6.1 Općenito

(4) U betonskim zidnim sustavima ili dvojnim sustavima istovrijednim zidnim kao i u ukrućenim čeličnim ili spregnutim čelično-betonskim sustavima međudjelovanje s ispunskim zidjem smije se zanemariti.

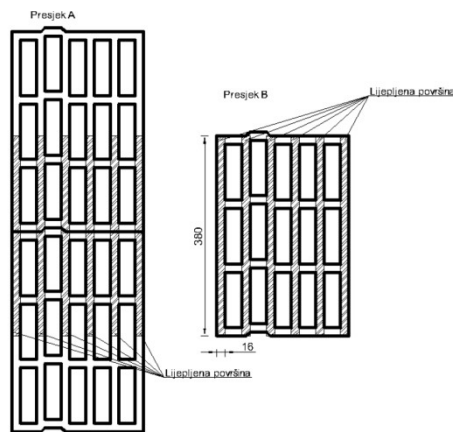
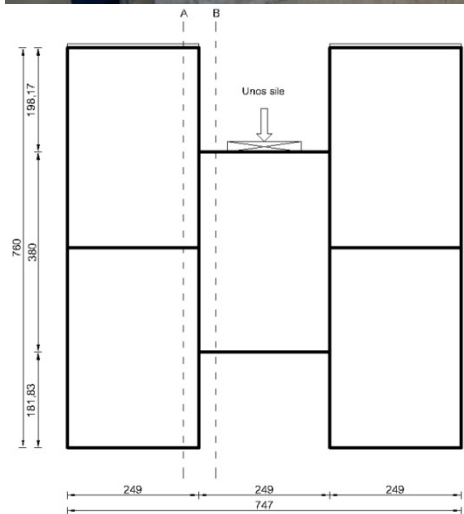
S ograničenjem međukatnog pomaka na 5 ‰ [prema EN 1998-1:2004, 4.4.3.2 (1)]:

- ispunsko zidje nema značajan doprinos u ukupnoj krutosti na horizontalna djelovanja
- oštećenja zgrada uslijed potresa su minimalna jer zidje može podnijeti takve međukatne pomake bez značajnih oštećenja



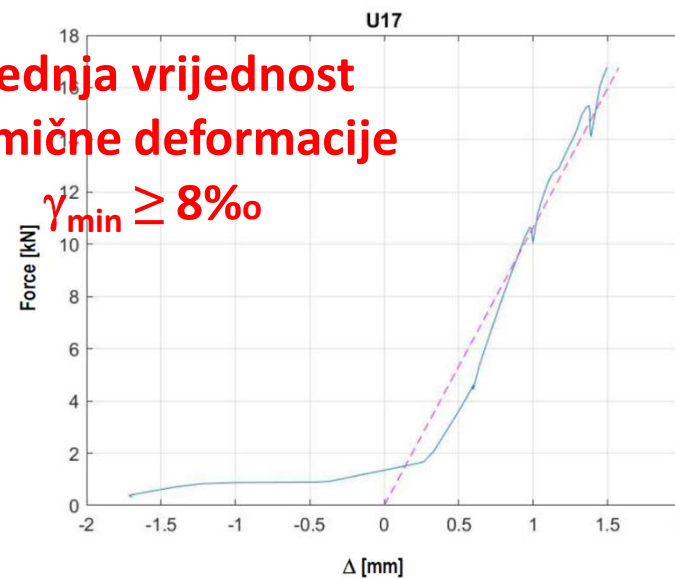
Ispunsko zide: Ponašanje u ravnini zida

Određivanje posmične čvrstoće na kontaktu između blokova lijepljenih ljepilo Dryfix.Extra (poliuretanski adheziv)

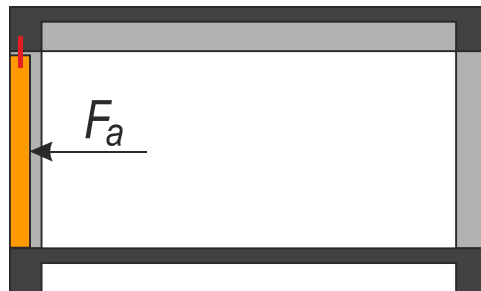


Srednja vrijednost posmične deformacije

$$\gamma_{\min} \geq 8\%$$



Ispunsko ziđe: Ponašanje okomito na ravninu zida



According to EN 1998-1, non-structural elements may be verified on seismic load as shown below.

The effects of the seismic action may be determined by applying to the non-structural element a horizontal force F_a which is defined as follows

$$F_a = (S_a * W_a * \gamma_a) / q_a$$

[EN 1998-1:2004; (4.24)]

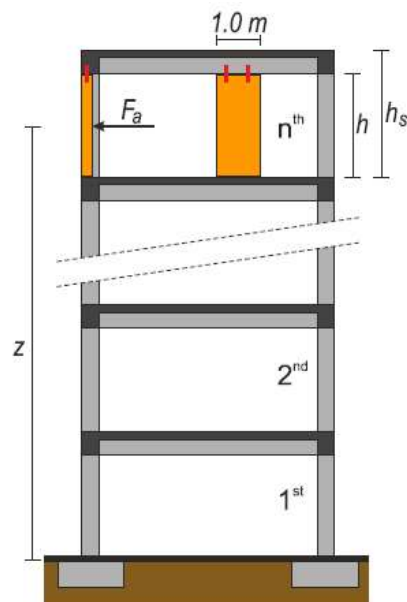
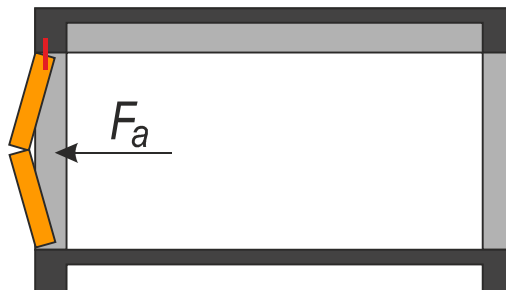
MASONRY INFILL WALL - Porotherm IZO Profi with Porotherm Dryfix.extra adhesive bonding system
Verification according to EN 1998-1 (4.3.5 Non-structural elements) and EN 1996-1



Use this table "as is" - without warranty. Use it at your own risk.

This is an approximate calculation with the following assumptions:

- infill wall is fixed at the bottom (mortar) and at the top (by PU or by two steel 2 dowels/m+mortar)
- plane of failure is parallel to the bed joints
- calculation is carried out on a wall L=1 m long
- specific weight of masonry: $\gamma = 7.5 \text{ kN/m}^3$
- additional permanent load on infill wall (blaster, insulation, other permanent load): $W_{add} = 0.10 \text{ kN/m}^2$
- characteristic compressive strength of masonry: $f_k = 6.35 \text{ MPa}$ [experimental testing, ZAG Ljubljana/Slovenia, št. P 0550/08-650-3]
- modulus of elasticity: $E = 7.48 \text{ GPa}$ [experimental testing, ZAG Ljubljana/Slovenia, št. P 0550/08-650-3]
- importance factor of the element: $\gamma_s = 1.0$ [EC8; 4.3.5.3 (2)]
- behaviour factor of the element: $q=2.0$ [EC8; Table 4.4.]
- flexural strength of masonry with the plane of failure parallel to the bed joints: $f_{bkt} = 0.15 \text{ MPa}$ [EC6; 3.6.3]



Note: Fullfill only yellow cells

Input data:

thickness of infill wall	$t =$	0.25 m
number of storeys of RC building	$n =$	8 storeys
storey on which the infill wall is located	$n_1 =$	7
height of infill wall (clear storey height)	$h =$	2.7 m
storey height	$h_s =$	2.9 m
the ratio of the design ground acceleration on type A ground	$\alpha =$	0.22 g
ground type [EC8; Table 3.1]		A
partial factor for material [HRN EN 1996-1-1:2011/NA]	$\gamma_M =$	2

Results:

the weight of the infill wall (L=1.0 m)	$W_a =$	5.3 kN
fundamental vibration period of the infill wall in the relevant direction	$T_a =$	0.0209 s
fundamental vibration period of the building in the relevant direction [EC8; Eq. 4.6]	$T_1 =$	0.53 s
soil factor	$S =$	1.00
seismic coefficient applicable to non-structural elements	$S_a =$	0.51
horizontal seismic force, acting at the centre of mass of the non-structural element	$F_a =$	1.36 kN
design bending moment due to horizontal seismic force F_a : $M_{Ed,fbkt} = F_a * h/8$	$M_{Ed,fbkt} =$	0.46 kNm/m
design load-bearing moment with the plane of failure parallel to the bed joints	$M_{Rd,fbkt} =$	0.78 kNm/m

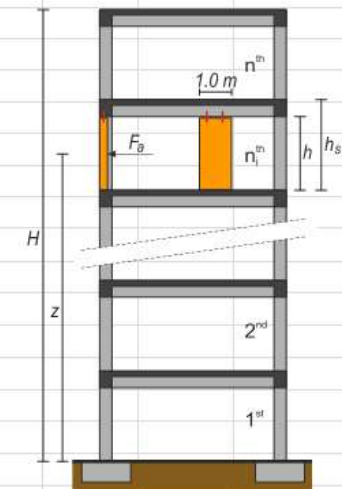


Fig 2.4 Masonry infill wall – non-structural elements

$M_{Rd,fbkt} = 0.78 \text{ kNm/m} > M_{Ed,fbkt}$

Tema: POTRESNO INŽENJERSTVO
Theme: EARTHQUAKE ENGINEERING

Predavanje: PRORAČUN ZIDOVA NA OTKAZIVANJE IZVAN RAVNINE
Lecture: CALCULATION PROCEDURE OF OUT-OF-PLANE WALL FAILURE

Predavač, tvrtka, adresa/Lecture, firm, adress:

Doc.dr.sc. Marija Demšić, dipl.ing.građ./Assist.Prof., PhD. CE, (marija.demsic@grad.unizg.hr), Sveučilište u Zagrebu, Građevinski fakultet/University of Zagreb, Faculty of Civil Engineering, Zagreb, Hrvatska/Croatia, Matea Sruk, mag.ing.aedif. (matea.sruk@toding.hr), Toding d.o.o. Zagreb, Hrvatska/Croatia



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ELSEVIER

Engineering Structures

Volume 242, 1 September 2021, 112525

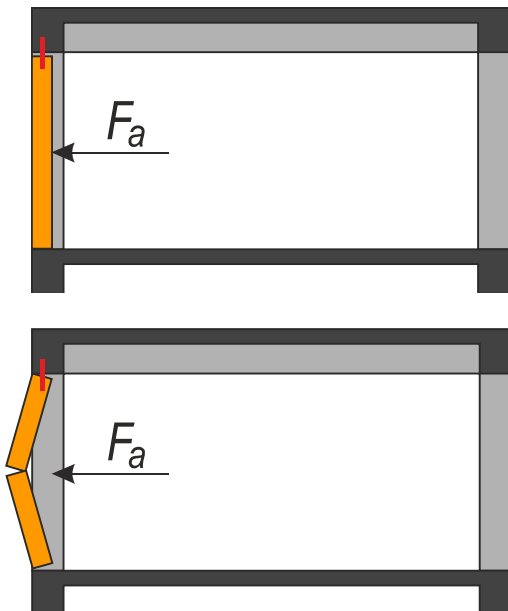


Experiment-based out-of-plane resistance of strong masonry infills for codified applications

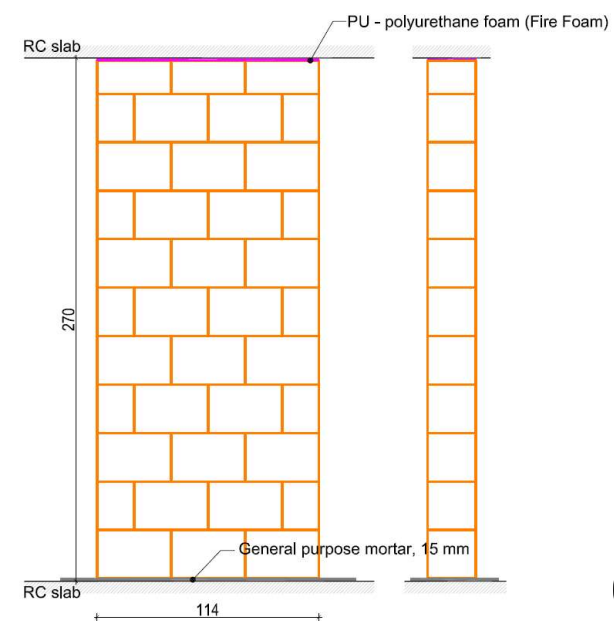
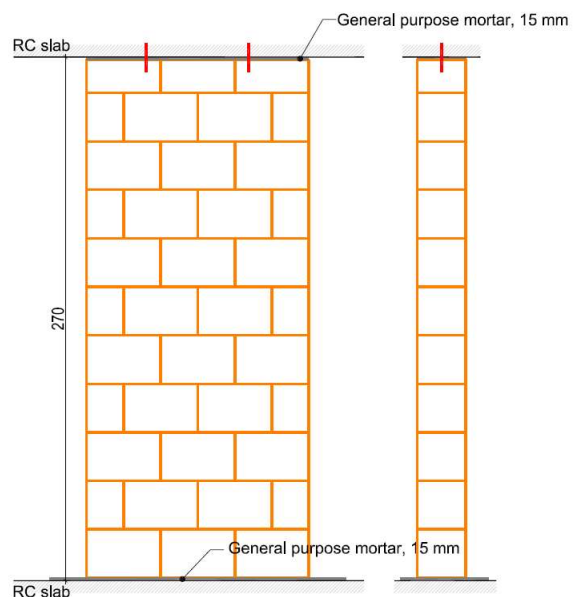
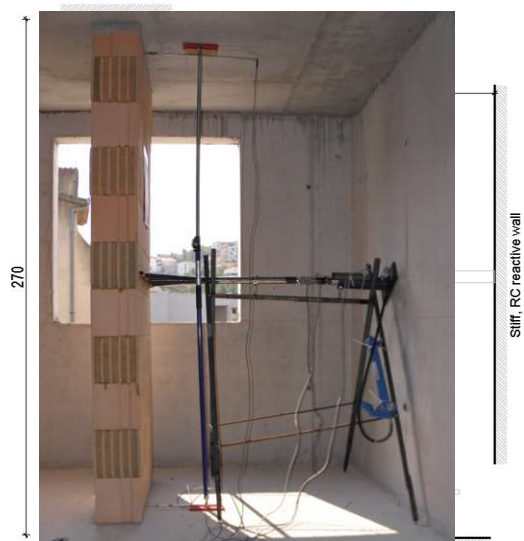
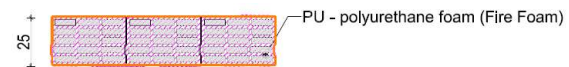
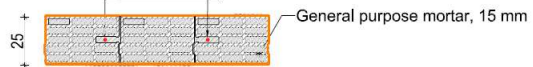
Riccardo R. Milanesi ^a, Paolo Morandi ^b, Sanja Hak ^c, Guido Magenes ^{a, b}



Ispunsko zide: Ponašanje okomito na ravninu zida



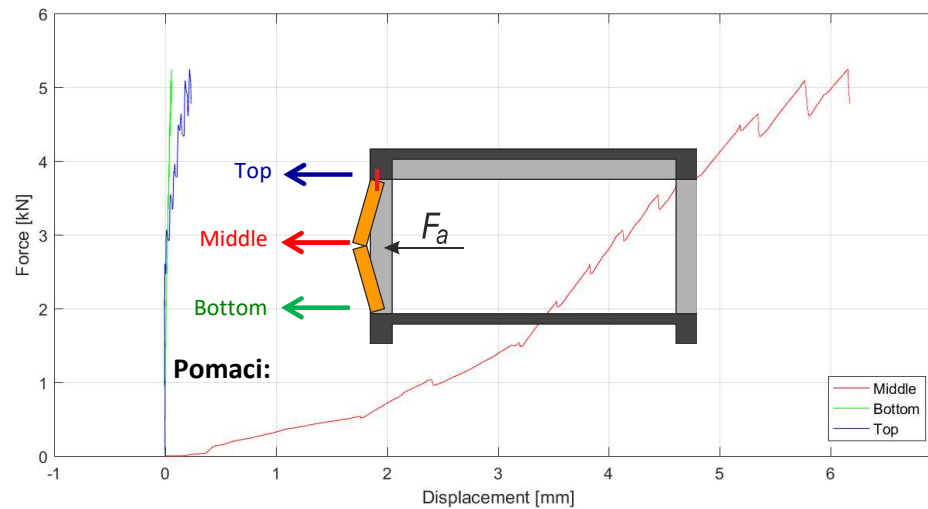
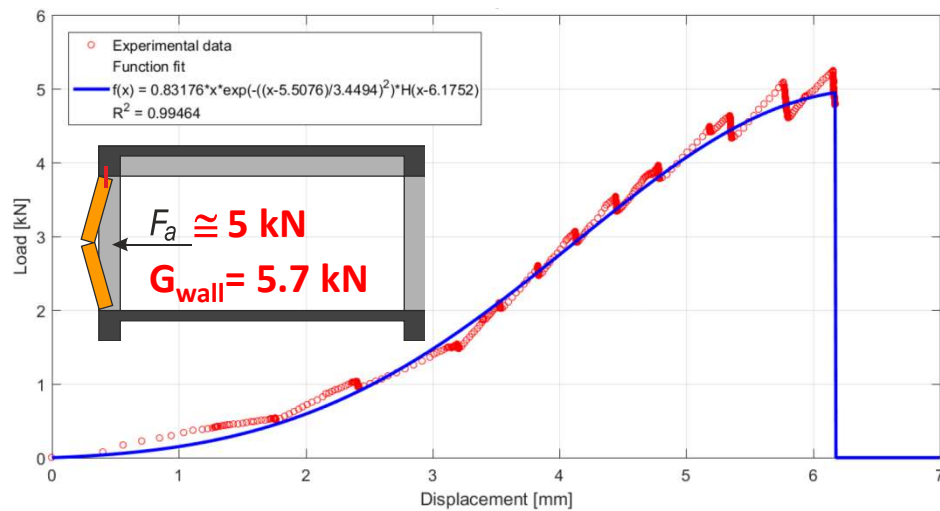
Steel dowel: Ø12 mm; L=150 mm



Boris Trogrlić, Tomislav Franko



Ispunsko zide: Ponašanje okomito na ravninu zida



Ispunsko ziđe: Ponašanje okomito na ravninu zida

Overall results for experimental tests of masonry infill



Sample - Connector on the top	Intensity of force in midspan [kN]	Horizontal deflection in midspan [mm]	Horizontal deflection at the bottom [mm]	Horizontal deflection at the top [mm]
SD: steel dowels + general purpose mortar	$F_{SD, mean} = 5.0$	$\delta_m = 3.7$	$\delta_b = 0.0$	$\delta_t = 0.36$
PU: polyurethane foam (Fire Foam)	$F_{PU, mean} = 4.9$	$\delta_m = 5.2$	$\delta_b = 0.03$	$\delta_t = 0.20$
PU-o: polyurethane ordinary foam	$F_{PU-o, mean} = 3.6$	$\delta_m = 3.1$	$\delta_b = 0.06$	$\delta_t = 0.50$
	$F_{mean} = 4.5$	$\delta_{m, mean} = 4.0$	$\delta_{b, mean} = 0.03$	$\delta_{t, mean} = 0.39$

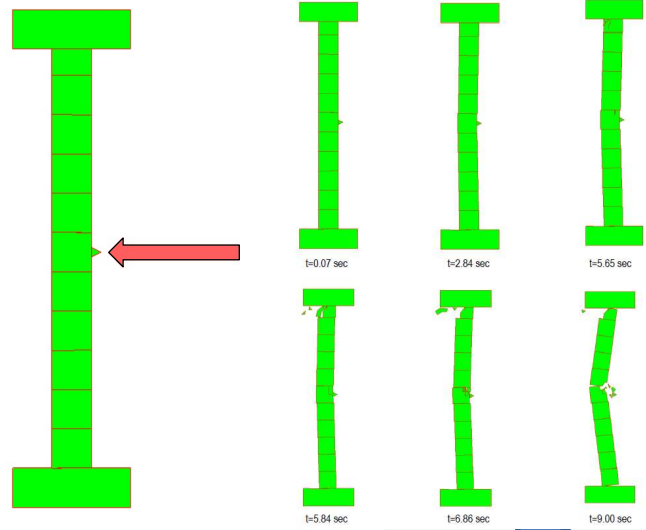
Ispunsko zide: Ponašanje okomito na ravninu zida



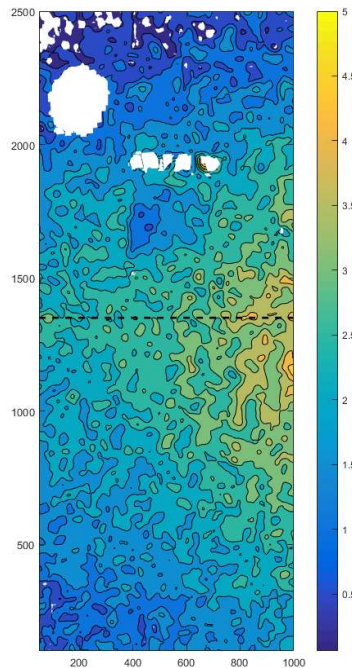
Displacement field overlay on the photo of wall



Boris Trogrlic, Tomislav Frankc



Calculated displacement field

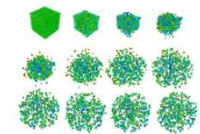


video

Prof.
Antonio Munjiza

DISCRETE ELEMENT
METHODS

Simulations of Discontinua:
Theory and Applications



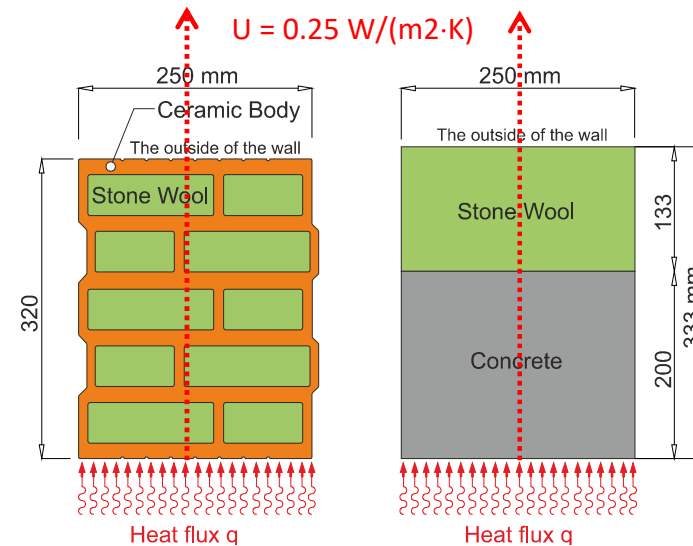
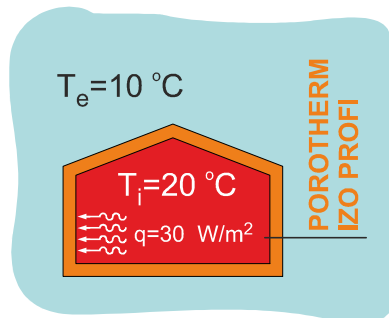
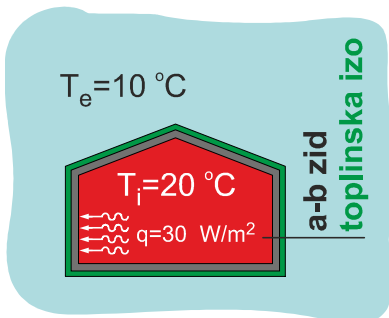
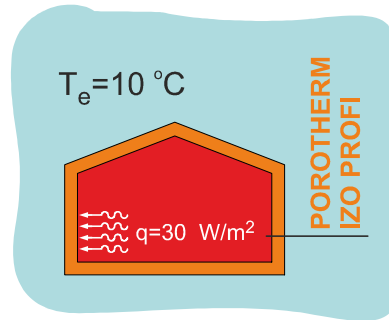
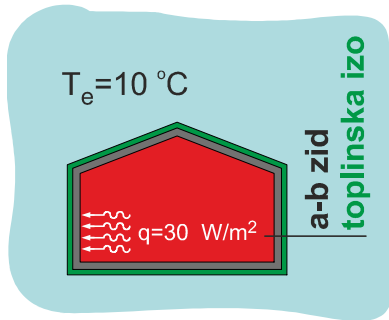
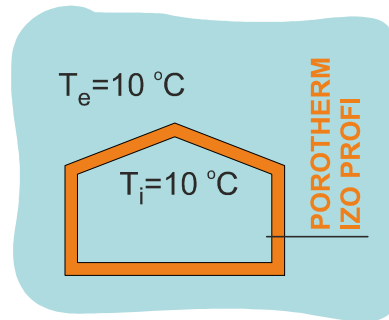
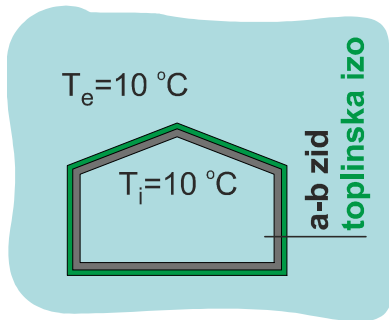
Antonio Munjiza
Queen Mary
University of London



Ispunsko žiđe POROHERM IZO PROFI – Toplinska svojstva



Ispunsko zide POROTHERM IZO PROFI – Toplinska svojstva



POROTHERM IZO PROFI 32 wall:

Ceramic body:

Thermal conductivities in the direction of X, Y $K_{XX}=K_{YY}=0.18\text{ W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})$

Density $\rho = 1450\text{ kg}/\text{m}^3$; Specific heat $c = 900\text{ J}/(\text{kg}\cdot\text{K})$

Thermal isolation (stone wool):

Thermal conductivities in the direction of X, Y $K_{XX}=K_{YY}=0.034\text{ W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})$

Density $\rho = 50\text{ kg}/\text{m}^3$; Specific heat $c = 1030\text{ J}/(\text{kg}\cdot\text{K})$

Convective heat transfer coefficient: $U = 0.25\text{ W}/(\text{m}^2\cdot\text{K})$

R/C wall with thermal insulation (+ stone wool outside):

Concrete:

Thickness of concrete wall: $t = 0.20\text{ m}$

Thermal conductivities in the direction of X, Y: $K_{XX}=K_{YY}=2.6\text{ W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})$

Density $\rho = 2400\text{ kg}/\text{m}^3$; Specific heat $c = 1000\text{ J}/(\text{kg}\cdot\text{K})$

Thermal isolation (mineral wool) - ETICS:

Thickness of mineral wool: $t = 0.133\text{ m}^*$

(*thickness chosen to obtain equal value of U for both walls)

Thermal conductivities in the direction of X, Y $K_{XX}=K_{YY}=0.034\text{ W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})$

Density $\rho = 50\text{ kg}/\text{m}^3$; Specific heat $c = 1030\text{ J}/(\text{kg}\cdot\text{K})$

Convective heat transfer coefficient (R/C wall with thermal insulation):

$U = 1/(\sum t_i/K_{XX,i}) = 1/(0.20/2.6+0.133/0.034)$ $U = 0.25\text{ W}/(\text{m}^2\cdot\text{K})$

Ispunsko ziđe: Toplinska svojstva

Transientna analiza provođenja topline – ravninski problem:

3. Governing equation

The material obeys Fourier's law of heat conduction:

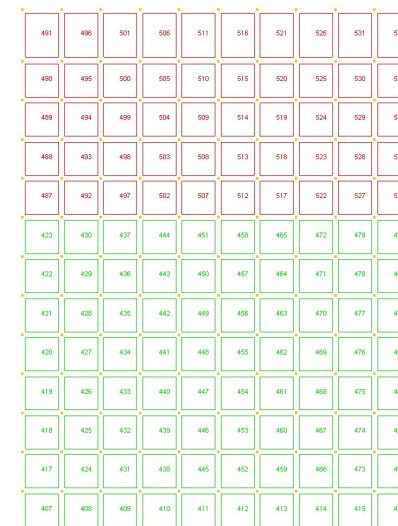
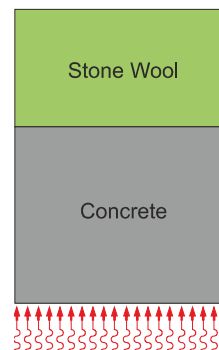
$$q = -K \frac{\partial T}{\partial x}$$

where:

q the rate of heat flow conducted per unit area

K the thermal conductivity tensor for the material

$\frac{\partial T}{\partial x}$ the temperature gradient vector in Cartesian coordinates.



The general equation for heat conduction in solids is

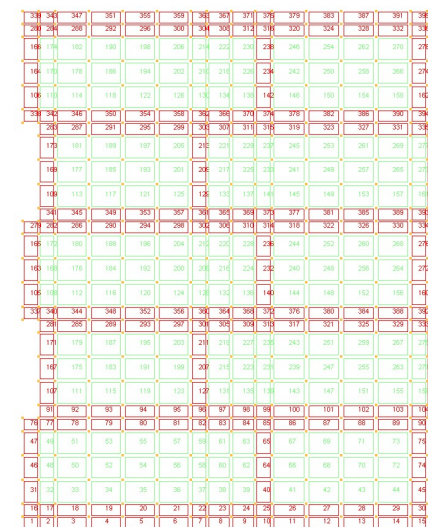
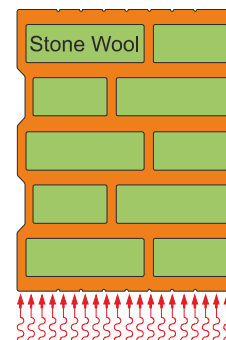
$$\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(k_x \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(k_y \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} \right) \right] + q = \rho c \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$$

where:

ρ the mass density of the material

c the specific heat

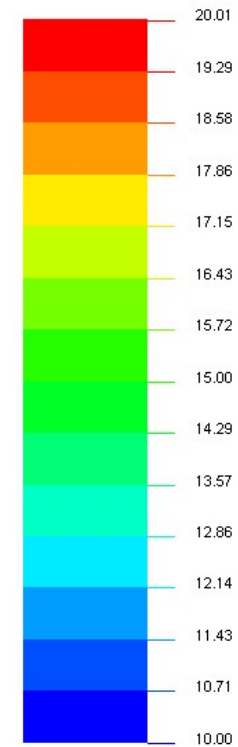
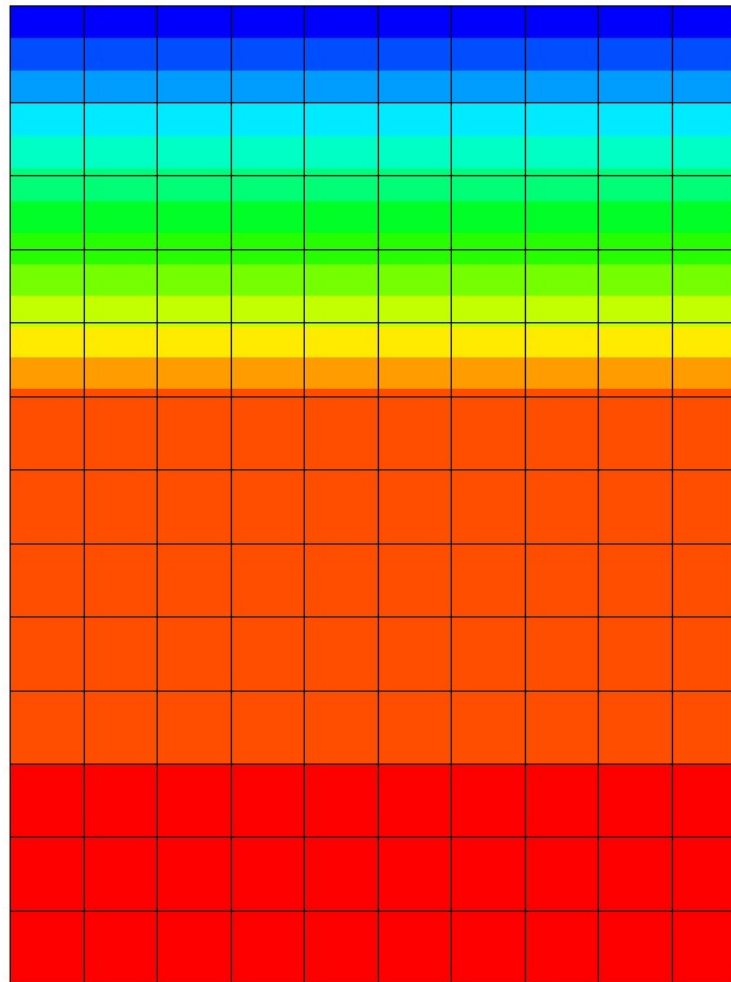
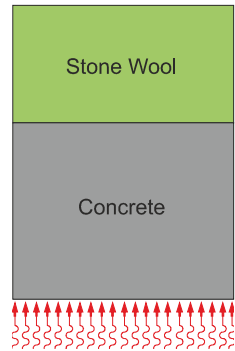
t the time



and may be generally subjected to one or more of the following boundary conditions.

Equation is solved by Finite Element Method (2D problem).

Ispunsko zide: Toplinska svojstva

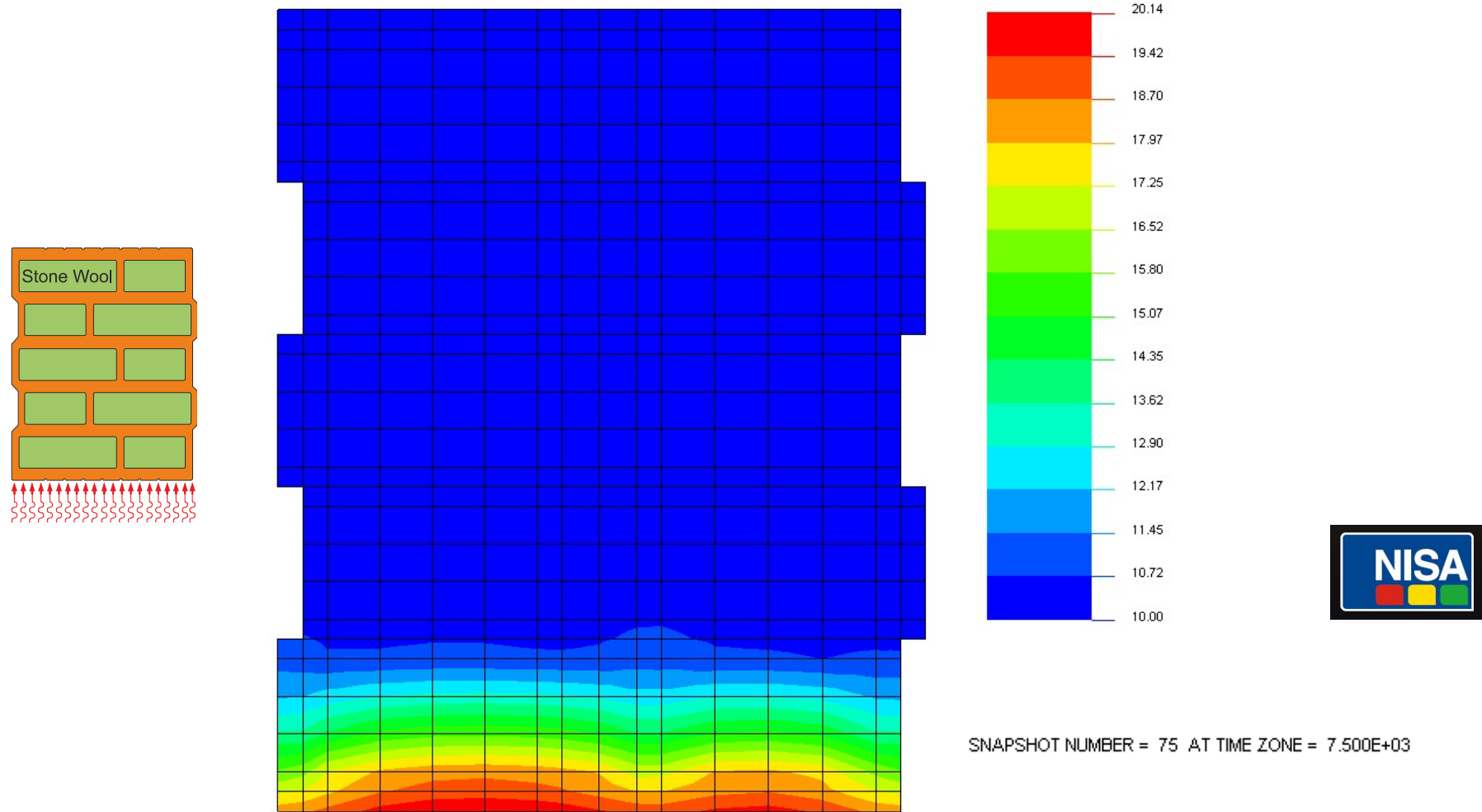


SNAPSHOT NUMBER = 256 AT TIME ZONE = 1.536E+05

Temperature field after $t = 153600 \text{ sec} = 2560 \text{ min} = 42 \text{ hours } 40 \text{ min}$

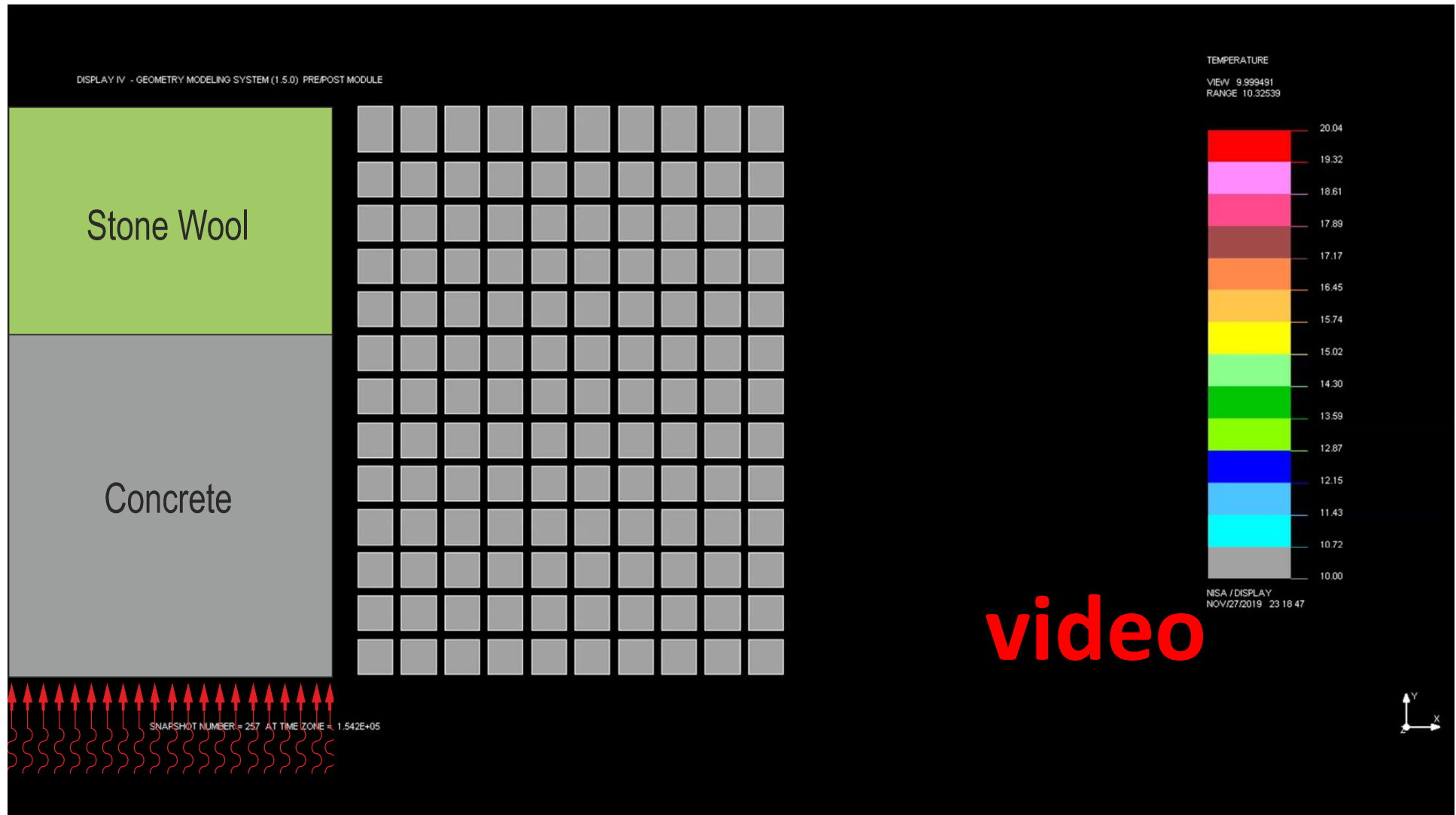


Ispunsko zide: Toplinska svojstva

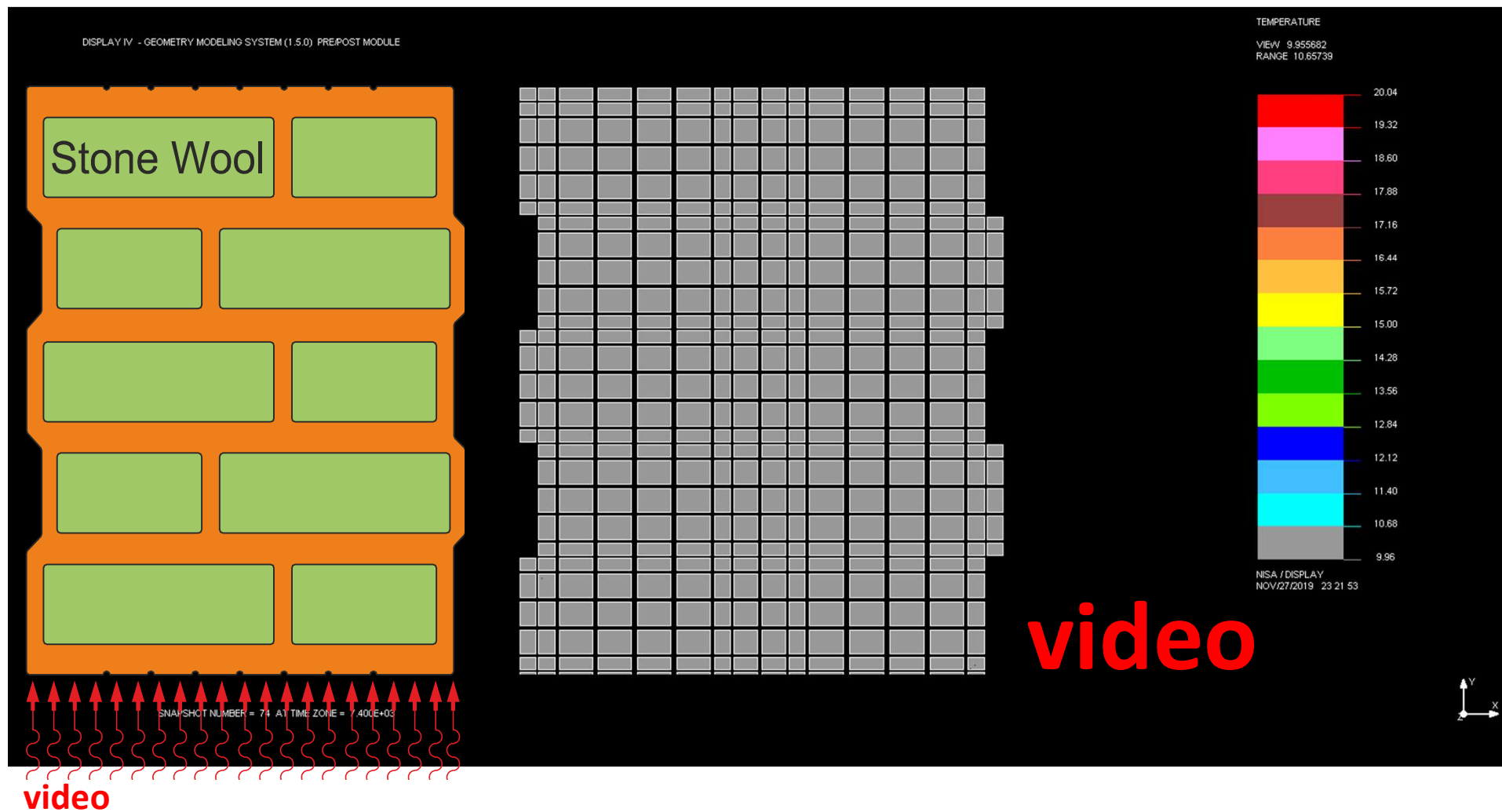


Temperature field after $t = 7500 \text{ sec} = 125 \text{ min} = 2 \text{ hours } 5 \text{ min}$

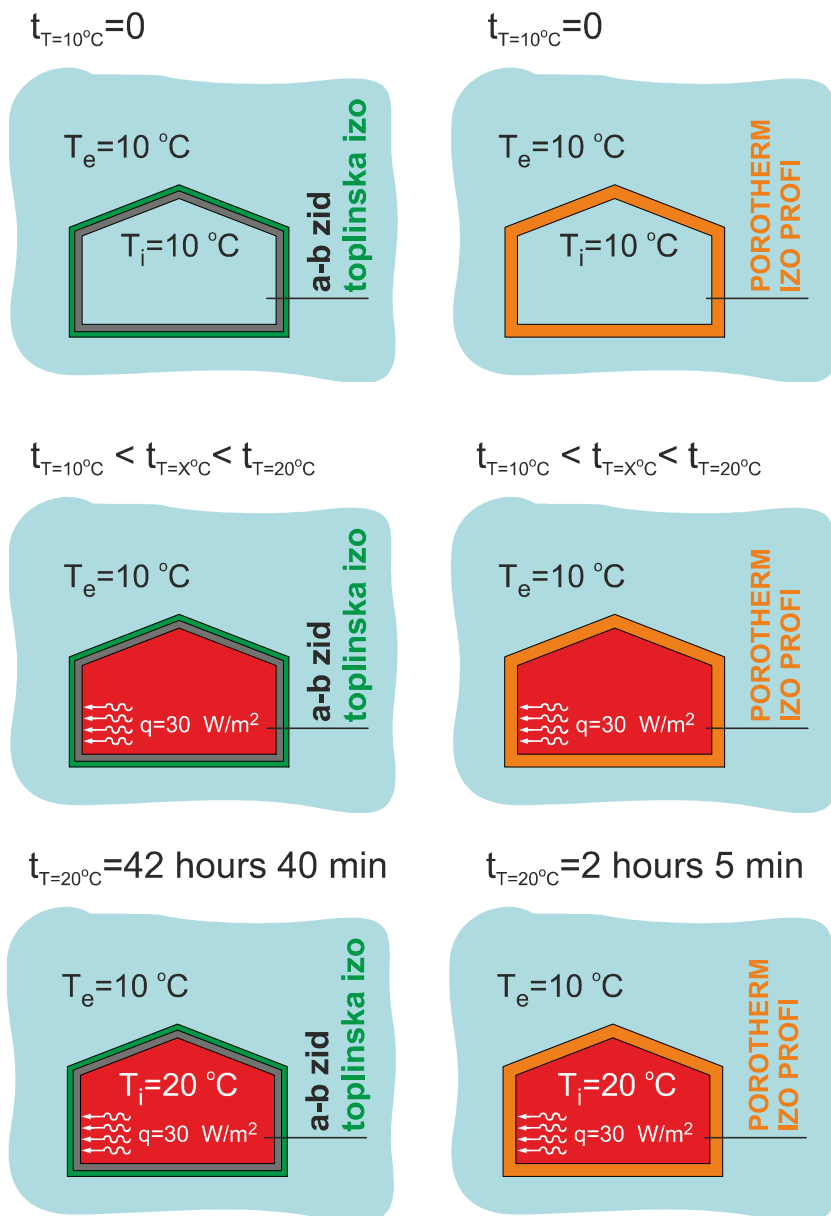
Ispunsko zide: Toplinska svojstva



Ispunsko zide: Toplinska svojstva



Ispunsko zide: Toplinska svojstva



Ciljanu temperaturu na unutarnjoj strani zida od $T_i = 20.0^{\circ}\text{C}$ konstrukcija postiže za:

- 2 sata 5 min - POROTHERM IZO PROFI 32 zid
- 42 sata 40 min – a/b zid s toplinskom izolacijom izvana (kamena vuna)


U zgradi od POROTHERM IZO PROFI 32 blokova potrebno je 40 sati i 35 minuta manje (uz toplinski tok $q=30 \text{ W/m}^2$), za postizanje temperature na unutarnjoj strani zida $T_i = 20.0^{\circ}\text{C}$, te je ušteda energije:

$$Q_{\text{save}} = 40.59 \text{ sata} * 30 \text{ W/m}^2 = 1.217 \text{ kWh/m}^2$$


HKIG – Opatija 2021.



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SVEUČILIŠTE U SPLITU
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ARHITEKTURE I GEODEZIJE

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**Development of
 infill masonry solution for
 Adriatic region**

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Ispunsko zidē POROHERM IZO PROFI – mehanička i toplinska svojstva

HVALA NA PAŽNJI

